

## Grammar 4

1) Study the rule. Match the name of the category with the examples.

### Non-continuous verbs

There are certain verbs that cannot be used in the present continuous tense.  
The following verbs are non-continuous:

- |   |                  |
|---|------------------|
| 1) <b>agree, promise, surprise</b> , etc.       | a) Senses        |
| 2) <b>like, love, hate, admire</b> etc.         | b) Thinking      |
| 3) <b>hear, see, smell, taste</b> , etc.        | c) Communication |
| 4) <b>believe, know, understand, think</b> etc. | d) Feelings      |

and also the verbs:

- belong, have, own, possess, need, be

BUT in some cases we can use several verbs in Present Continuous:

- **think** (в значении «обдумывать»):

I **think** you are busy now.

BUT: I'm **thinking** about tomorrow's event.

- **admire** (в значении «любоваться»):

I **admire** his bravery.

BUT: They all're **admiring** her new haircut.

- **see** (в значении «встречаться»):

I **see** this house.

BUT: I'm **seeing** her tomorrow.

- **hear** (в значении «получать известие»):

I **hear** the teacher.

BUT: I'm **hearing** from her now.

- **smell** (в значении «нюхать»):

The flower **smells** wonderful.

BUT: She's **smelling** the flower.

- **taste** (в значении «пробовать»):

The soup **tastes** great!

BUT: He's **tasting** the soup.

- **have** (в составе фразеологизмов):

He **has** a new car.

BUT: I'm **having** a lunch with my family (to have a lunch).

- **be** (в значении «вести себя»): She **is** not selfish, but she **is being** selfish.